



1. When was the Balfour Declaration issued?
  - A. November 2, 1912
  - B. November 2, 1917
  - C. November 17, 1917
  - D. November 17, 1912
  
2. Which Article of the League on Nations created the concepts of Mandates?
  - A. Article 27
  - B. Article 14
  - C. Article 3
  - D. Article 22
  
3. What occurred at the San Remo Peace Conference?
  - A. The Allied powers awarded Britain the Mandate for Palestine and charged it with setting up a national home for the Jews
  - B. The Allied powers awarded Britain the Mandate for Palestine and charged it with setting up a national home for the Jews and the Arabs
  - C. The Allied powers did not come to an agreement as to who should administer the Mandate for Palestine
  - D. The Allied powers excluded the east bank of the Jordan river from the Mandate for Palestine
  
4. Why was Transjordan (today Jordan) excluded from the original border of the Mandate for Palestine?
  - A. Because the British wanted to create a Palestinian Arab state on the east bank of the Jordan River
  - B. To appease Abdullah, the son of the Sharif of Mecca, who arrived in the area presently known as Jordan to avenge his brother's ouster in Syria
  - C. Because it was never really part of the Mandate to begin with
  - D. To receive money in exchange for the land
  
5. When the Mandate for Palestine was ratified by the League of Nations in July 1922, what territory did it include?
  - A. Modern day Israel, Jordan and Egypt
  - B. Modern day Israel
  - C. Modern day Israel and Jordan
  - D. Modern day Israel, Jordan, Egypt and Syria



6. What did not occur at the San Remo Conference?
  - A. The Mandate for Palestine was charged with establishing a national home for the Jews.
  - B. The Balfour Declaration became a legal document under international law
  - C. The Allied powers awarded the Mandate for Palestine to England
  - D. The boundaries of Mandated Palestine were defined
  
7. When was the first time the British deviated from the original meaning of the Mandate for Palestine?
  - A. The 1930 Shaw Commission
  - B. The issuance of the 1922 Churchill White Paper
  - C. The 1937 Peel Commission
  - D. The 1939 Macdonald White Paper
  
8. What were the Jewish/Arab responses to the 1947 UN Partition Plan
  - A. The Jews accepted, the Arabs rejected
  - B. The Jews and Arabs accepted
  - C. The Jews and Arabs rejected
  - D. The Arabs accepted, the Jews rejected
  
9. Who controlled the Land of Israel prior to the British?
  - A. Ottoman Empire
  - B. Germany
  - C. France
  - D. Syria
  
10. What was not included in the 1939 Macdonald White Paper?
  - A. Limitation on Jewish immigration
  - B. Limitation on freedom of worship for Jews
  - C. Limitation on Jewish ability to buy land
  - D. Planned establishment of a bi-national state in 10 years.
  
11. The "West Bank" was the armistice line created as the result of which war?
  - A. Six Day War
  - B. Yom Kippur
  - C. Second Intifada
  - D. War of Independence



12. Which came first?
  - A. UN Partition Plan
  - B. Israel's Independence
  - C. Issuance of the Mandate for Palestine
  - D. The Peel Commission
  
13. What was the name of the series of riots perpetrated by the Palestinian Arabs in 1936-1939?
  - A. The Great Arab Revolt
  - B. The First Intifada
  - C. The Hebron Massacre
  - D. The Gush Etzion Riots
  
14. True or False: Upon the creation of the United Nations in 1945, all previous edicts produced by its predecessor, the League of Nations, ceased to hold validity
  - A. False
  - B. True
  
15. The short-lived Faisal-Weizmann Agreement between Emir Faisal and Chaim Weizmann did what?
  - A. Promised to establish a Jewish state in Uganda
  - B. Promised mutual cooperation between the Arabs and the Zionists, and a large-scale immigration of Jews to Palestine
  - C. Promised to establish a joint Jewish-Arab state in Palestine
  - D. Promised the facilitation of an investigative committee to research the viability of mass Jewish immigration to Palestine, and Arab immigration to Syria.